

The Progress.

Vol. XIV.

QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T., THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1899

No. 19

Edgeley Echoes.

Mr. John Tate had the misfortune to lose a valuable horse last week as a result of the prevailing sickness that is now troubling the district.

The weather has again taken a turn for the worse, and you are not "in it" unless your thermometer drops away down below zero. It is hard weather on the man who lacks the wood, and we know of only one man that really enjoys that pasture.

Chairman J. T. Craig has kindly donated a handsome medal to be competed for by the pupils of the public school at their weekly literary meetings.

Mr. W. F. Matthews paid our settlement a visit last week. We really do not know which Walter thinks the more of now—our little burg or town.

Miss Emma Goodwin gave a birthday party last Saturday to her numerous friends. We hear that all present had a most pleasant time, and departed wishing that such occasions would come much more often.

The "At Home" given by the C. E. society, which took place in the church last Friday, was a most enjoyable affair. Although there was not a large crowd present, yet those who attended enjoyed themselves to the fullest extent, listening to the varied programme of songs, speeches, etc., and, not the least on any account, doing justice to the good things provided by the ladies of the society. It is the intention of the young people to make the meetings in the future as interesting and profitable as possible, and thus encourage others to come and receive much blessing.

Balgownie.

A social in aid of the church organ scheme was held here on the evening of Feb. 24th. Owing to a change in the weather the attendance was not very large. It is a pity since the committee had worked so hard in a good cause, that the people of the vicinity did not turn out in larger numbers to show their appreciation and enjoy a pleasant evening. Rev. Mr. Martin was called to the chair and fulfilled his duties in a very acceptable manner. A choice programme was given which was heartily enjoyed by all present. The chief item was a farce "From Punkin Ridgely," which with its Yankee drollery, laughable scenes and unexpected happenings fairly brought down the house. Mr. Harry Richardson very kindly gave several choice selections on his graphophone. The ladies had provided abundance of refreshments which were, judging from the rapidity of their disappearance, much appreciated. The committee have decided to purchase a Bell organ from Mr. D. Peterson, Regina.

Mr. Alex. Dalgleish of Indian Head, has been spending some time lately repairing the buildings on his farm here and making preparations to move up in a short time. Let others follow his example and come this way.

The official quarterly meeting of the Methodist church was held on Feb. 21st, and was presided over by Rev. Mr. Buchanan of Regina.

J. B. Hawkes, M.L.A., has been spending a few days at Crane Lake.

Mrs. Hastings of Indian Head returned home last week after a few days visit with her daughter Mrs. T. A. Satchell.

Mr. W. J. Hyde was a delegate of the Prov. Grand Lodge L.O.L. at Greenfield last week. He reports a good time.

Mr. D. McMann, Grand Lecturer of the P. G. L. O. L. paid us a visit on Monday.

A. E. Westbrook of Balgonie, Assiniboia has been appointed a Justice of the Peace.

Press Association.

The Western Canadian Press Association met in Winnipeg on Friday, March 3rd, at the Clarendon.

LIST OF LANDS in the Municipality of SOUTH QU'APPELLE.

Liable to be sold for

ARREARS of TAXES in the year 1899.

DESCRIPTION				ACREAGE.	COSTS.	TOTAL.
PT.	SEC.	TP.	RG.			
ne	4	16	14	13.25	90	14.15
se	4	16	14	13.60	90	14.50
se	12	16	14	14.35	90	15.25
se	12	16	14	14.35	90	15.25
sw	12	16	14	14.35	90	15.25
sw	12	16	14	14.35	90	15.25
ne	14	16	14	14.35	90	15.25
se	14	16	14	14.35	90	15.25
sw	22	16	14	14.35	90	15.25
sw	22	16	14	14.35	90	15.25
ne	30	16	14	1.38	90	2.28
ne	36	16	14	11.87	90	12.77
se	18	17	14	13.40	90	14.30
sw	18	17	14	13.40	90	14.30
sw	31	17	14	2.94	90	3.84
sw	31	17	14	2.94	90	3.84
sw	28	17	14	10.23	90	11.13
sw	28	17	14	10.23	90	11.13
ne	28	17	14	4.77	90	5.67
se	28	17	14	4.77	90	5.67
se	9	18	14	8.58	90	9.48
sw	18	18	14	4.93	90	5.83
ne	26	18	14	51.86	90	52.76
ne	30	18	14	47.09	90	47.99
sw	36	18	14	45.76	90	46.66
sw	36	18	14	45.76	90	46.66
ne	1	18	14	21.52	90	22.42
se	1	18	14	21.52	90	22.42
sw	1	18	14	21.52	90	22.42
ne	12	18	14	19.32	90	20.22
se	12	18	14	19.32	90	20.22
ne	28	18	14	37.48	90	38.38
sw	12	18	14	19.32	90	20.22
sw	12	18	14	19.32	90	20.22
ne	13	18	14	7.55	90	8.45
se	13	18	14	7.55	90	8.45
sw	13	18	14	7.55	90	8.45
sw	34	19	14	1.59	90	2.49
ne	1	19	14	7.85	90	8.75
se	1	19	14	7.85	90	8.75
sw	1	19	14	7.85	90	8.75
sw	1	19	14	7.85	90	8.75
ne	12	19	14	15.09	90	15.99
se	12	19	14	15.09	90	15.99
sw	12	19	14	15.09	90	15.99
sw	12	19	14	15.09	90	15.99
ne	13	19	14	15.09	90	15.99
se	13	19	14	15.09	90	15.99
sw	13	19	14	15.09	90	15.99
sw	13	19	14	15.09	90	15.99
se	24	19	14	15.76	90	16.66
sw	24	19	14	15.76	90	16.66
ne	24	19	14	3.18	90	4.08
sw	24	19	14	3.18	90	4.08
se	16	16	15	27.96	90	28.86
ne	16	16	15	27.96	90	28.86
ne	16	16	15	27.96	90	28.86
sw	18	16	15	27.96	90	28.86
sw	18	16	15	27.96	90	28.86
se	22	16	15	27.96	90	28.86
sw	22	16	15	27.96	90	28.86
ne	22	16	15	27.96	90	28.86
sw	22	16	15	27.96	90	28.86
ne	28	16	15	27.96	90	28.86
sw	28	16	15	27.96	90	28.86
ne	32	16	15	15.88	90	16.78
ne	34	16	15	27.16	90	28.06
se	34	16	15	28.91	90	29.81
ne	2	17	15	36.51	90	37.41
sw	2	17	15	36.51	90	37.41
se	6	17	15	22.47	90	23.37
se	18	17	15	13.39	90	14.29
se	24	17	15	25.68	90	26.58
sw	24	17	15	25.68	90	26.58
ne	2	18	15	8.44	90	9.34
sw	2	18	15	25.46	90	26.36
sw	6	18	15	36.46	90	37.36
sw	10	18	15	42.18	90	43.08
sw	12	18	15	49.08	90	49.98
sw	12	18	15	49.08	90	49.98
ne	14	18	15	41.95	90	42.85
se	14	18	15	41.95	90	42.85
sw	14	18	15	41.95	90	42.85
sw	16	18	15	26.95	90	27.85
ne	24	18	15	63.58	90	64.48
se	24	18	15	63.58	90	64.48
sw	24	18	15	63.58	90	64.48
sw	24	18	15	63.58	90	64.48
sw	30	18	15	63.45	90	64.35

DESCRIPTION.						
PT.	SEC.	TP.	RG.	ARREARS.	COSTS.	TOTAL.
nw	35	18	15	21.38	90	22.28
se	35	18	15	19.24	90	20.14
nw	36	18	15	26.37	90	27.27
ne	22	18	15	10.46	90	11.36
se	22	18	15	16.46	90	17.36
ne	12	18	15	8.48	90	9.38
se	12	18	15	12.19	90	13.09
ne	12	18	15	72.75	90	73.65
sw	14	19	15	72.75	90	73.65
sw	14	19	15	73.46	90	74.36
nw	2	20	15	6.85	90	7.75
ne	32	15	16	1.48	90	2.38
ne	6	16	16	6.10	90	7.00
sw	32	16	16	48.14	90	48.04
se	24	16	16	13.35	90	14.25
ne	20	17	16	24.45	90	25.35
ne	22	17	16	33.35	90	34.25
nw	28	17	16	60.80	90	61.70
ne	28	17	16	48.46	90	49.36
se	36	17	16	4.77	90	5.67
sw	3	17	16	15.89	90	16.79
sw	21	17	16	15.89	90	16.79
ne	16	17	16	7.97	90	8.87
nw	10	18	16	42.18	90	43.08
sw	16	18	16	16.66	90	17.56
se	16	18	16	3.60	90	4.50
sw	28	18	16	17.66	90	18.56
w of se	10	18	16	3.44	90	4.34
se	7	18	16	5.85	90	6.75
se	2	19	16	26.85	90	27.75
ne	4	19	16	16.69	90	17.59
sw	7	19	16	35.85	90	36.75
nw	7	19	16	8.89	90	9.79
ne	7	19	16	24.00	90	24.90
se	10	19	16	55.77	90	56.67
se	20	19	16	24.01	90	24.91
sw	20	19	16	24.01	90	24.91
ne	20	19	16	29.03	90	29.93
ne	22	19	16	15.48	90	16.38
sw	30	19	16	13.36	90	14.26
se	7	19	16	29.56	90	30.46
ne	10	19	16	7.83	90	8.73
nw	4	20	16	34.47	90	35.37
ne	3	20	16	6.04	90	6.94
se	3	20	16	6.04	90	6.94
nw	3	20	16	6.04	90	6.94
sw	3	20	16	6.04	90	6.94
ne	14	20	16	61.77	90	62.67
nw	14	20	16	80.43	90	81.33
sw	16	20	16	39.13	90	40.03
sw	18	20	16	43.67	90	44.57
nw	18	20	16	34.06	90	34.96
se	4	20	16	53.36	90	54.26

DESCRIPTION.						
Sec.	Lat.	Block.	Street.	Arrears.	Costs.	Total.
25 x 125	28	166	Caswell	14.44	90	15.34
25 x 125	29	166	do	14.44	90	15.34
25 x 125	17	155	do	9.49	90	10.39
25 x 125	18	155	do	9.49	90	10.39
25 x 125	6	137	P. A.	7.26	90	8.16
25 x 125	7	137	"	7.26	90	8.16
25 x 125	3	167	Qu'Appelle	29.44	90	30.34
25 x 125	4	167	do	29.44	90	30.34
25 x 125	34	135	Ont.	12.79	90	13.69
25 x 125	35	135	do	12.79	90	13.69
25 x 125	39	137	McDonald	11.57	90	12.47
25 x 125	49	137	do	11.57	90	12.47
25 x 125	5	167	Caswell	1.70	90	2.60
25 x 125	6	167	do	1.70	90	2.60
25 x 125	11	156	Qu'Appelle	1.70	90	2.60
25 x 125	12	156	do	1.70	90	2.60
25 x 125	15	155	Caswell	10.85	90	11.75
25 x 125	16	155	do	10.85	90	11.75
25 x 125	4	137	N. P.	7.26	90	8.16
25 x 125	5	137	N. P.	7.26	90	8.16
25 x 125	16	134	Qu'Appelle	17.38	90	18.28
25 x 125	17	134	do	17.38	90	18.28
25 x 125	29	134	do	3.12	90	4.02
25 x 125	8	167	Qu'Appelle	28.48	90	29.38
25 x 125	23	135	Walsh	17.96	90	18.86
25 x 125	28	135	Ont.	6.04	90	6.94
25 x 125	26	135	Ont.	6.04	90	6.94
25 x 125	30	125	Ont.	6.04	90	6.94
25 x 125	8	207	Ruskin	3.73	90	4.63
25 x 125	9	207	do	3.73	90	4.63
25 x 125	10	207	do	3.73	90	4.63
25 x 125	11	207	Albany	3.73	90	4.63
25 x 125	12	207	do	3.73	90	4.63
25 x 125	13	207	do	3.73	90	4.63

NEWS FROM MANILA

ALL WAS QUIET UP TILL MIDNIGHT YESTERDAY.

Another Violent Anti-American Proclamation Has Been Issued by the Filipinos—Officials are Anxious.

Manila, Feb. 27.—11:15 a.m.—Except for an occasional volley and some individual firing from the jungle near Calabarzon along the river, and in the vicinity of San Pedro, Manila, all was quiet during the night. The last night the enemy's sharpshooters at Calabarzon fired, but the Americans no longer pay much attention to them, except when they fire until the rebels appear in the open in sufficient force to justify a volley or an occasional shell. During the night the men are so accustomed to the enemy's snailshots that the majority of them remain undisturbed except by the outposts and sentries.

In Manila absolute quiet prevails. The streets are deserted and the only sound to be heard after 7 o'clock in the evening is the tramp of the patrols and sentries and the occasional clatter of the foot of an officer's horse.

Insurance companies after a conference, have decided to accept war risks at an additional premium of 35 per cent per month.

4:55 p.m.—Two commissioners, who returned from Malolos under a flag of truce today, report that 800 rebels are anxious to surrender. They also express the belief that Aguinaldo is inclined to accept pacific overtures. Major General Otis did not receive the commissioners.

ANOTHER DECREE

Hong Kong, Feb. 27.—The Filipino government has issued another violent anti-American decree, in which the following passage occurs:

"The American goes against neither honor nor property, but he has always massacred women and children."

"Manila has witnessed the most horrible outrages, including the properties and the savings of the people at the point of the bayonet and shooting the defenseless, accompanied by odious acts of abduction, repugnant barbarism and racial hatred worse than the crimes in Carolina. Unless you conjure a holy war or independence you are only worthy to be slaves and parasites. Proclaim before the civilized world that you will fight the death against American treachery and brute force. Even the women should fight if necessary."

American professions and promises are pure hypocrisy. They cover the spoils of this partition of our race, wishing to transplant a more inhuman and barbarous domination than in the past.

DEWEY'S REASONS

New York, Feb. 27.—A Washington dispatch of the Herald says: "With the arrival of the German cruiser Kaiser in August at Manila and the reports of filibustering expeditions from Japan in the interests of Aguinaldo, there is a well-defined suspicion in the public mind here that the 'political reasons' of Admiral Dewey for leaving the Philippines must be interpreted in a broad sense that her presence is desired as much for the moral effect in preventing foreign interference as for bringing the insurgents to terms."

"The anxiety of officials has reached such a point that there is no further doubt that Rear Admiral Dewey is leaving to submit an explanation. The meeting of foreign consuls yesterday, followed by Admiral Dewey's report for the evening, is regarded as highly significant, but in the official dispatches there is no mention of the two incidents and in fact the authorities declare they have not been advised that the foreign consuls still confer."

WALLA TONKA

The Notorious Cheating Indian May Have Escaped the Gallows for the Third Time.

South M'Allister, B. T., Feb. 27.—Walla Tonka, the Cheating Indian who achieved notoriety by turning the west with a baseball team while under sentence of death, is in jail for the third time. Unless the United States deputy sheriff, who started from here to serve a writ of habeas corpus, had not returned yesterday to Judge (Thompson) of the Indian territorial court, he would have been executed in time to prevent it. Walla Tonka will be shot at noon today on Alameda, Wolf county, in the heart of the Cheyenne nation.

Three before Walla Tonka has been sentenced to death that he is now, but the records were not so bad then, and the crowd, who carried him to his execution, could make better time. The crime for which Walla Tonka is to die is the murder of his uncle, Thompson Young, who was an Indian deputy sheriff a year ago last summer.

BARON DE REUTER DEAD

His Death Closes an Active Life. He Invented Foreign Telegrams Into London Papers.

Suez, Feb. 26.—Baron De Reuter is dead.

Paul Julius de Reuter, baron of the Duchy of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, director and founder of Reuter's Telegram company, was born at Cassel House, Nassau, on July 21, 1816. From 1849, as the various telegraph lines were opened, Baron De Reuter worked them into his great news agency and in 1861, when the cable was laid between England and France, he transferred his chief office to London. Previous to this there were no telegrams in London.

In 1865 the baron converted his business into a limited liability company and remained managing director until 1878. Baron De Reuter was remarkably vigorous and active, considering his age. Until recently he walked five miles every day. For years past he has not taken an active part in the business of the Reuter's Telegram company, of which his son, Herbert de Reuter, has long been the managing director.

FAMINE IN CHINA

An Appeal is Made to the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce For Cash.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 26.—The American residents in Chefoo, China, have sent an appeal to the San Francisco chamber of commerce, requesting that a shipload of corn be sent for the relief of the 2,000,000 Chinese in Shang Tung province. The unprecedented floods of the Yellow river have destroyed the crops, and the immense population along the great river is on the verge of starvation. The appeal, which is signed by John Fowler, Hunter Corlett, W. O. Ellrich, George Cornwall and C. B. B. Downing, says the people of Shang Tung subsist upon corn, and continues: "We believe that if your gratinism will ship to the United States corn in Chefoo direct from the Pacific slope, a steamer loaded with corn, it will be the means, not only of saving thousands of lives, but also of opening up a market of 25,000,000 to 30,000,000 consumers later on."

The chamber will act at its next meeting.

THE LEAGUE OF MERCY

A New Order to be Instituted for the Purpose of Honoring the Prince of Wales Hospital Fund.

London, Feb. 26.—The Prince of Wales' hospital fund, which started off with such a flourish of trumpets, is now known to have proved more or less of a failure. Notwithstanding the fact that every successful expedition have been tried, culminating in the ingenious hospital stamp idea, which is also admitted to be a failure. A new and extraordinary scheme is proposed—the creation of a new order, to be entitled the League of Mercy, in which those who collect and promote the collection of subscriptions for the hospital fund are entitled members. The new order will be based on the Royal Victorian order and will consist of five classes. The highest being Knights of the grand cross. There will be a distinctive badge, ribbon and festival. The motto of the order will be "Christo Et Regina." The Prince of Wales will be grand master.

THE FUNERAL SHIP

Germany Has Completed Her Task. The Remains of the American Soldiers Satisfactorily Laid.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The funeral ship Roomania, which is engaged in the sacred mission of bringing home the remains of the brave soldiers who lost their lives in Porto Rico and in Cuba, has completed its work so far as Porto Rico is concerned.

The number of American dead on the island was comparatively small, and their transportation and removal to the transport occupied only about a week's time. A telegram received by Colonel Moore of the major-general's office, says that the Roomania left yesterday for Santiago, where the transport work of the expedition will be done.

SPANDANAVIA IS INDIGNANT

London, Feb. 26.—Advises received from Spandanavia say the czar's decree for the Russification of Finland has awakened a feeling of indignation and sympathy. The Swedish papers characterize the decree as a coup d'etat. It recalls to an invasion of the Russian empire, the extension of conscription, and to the Russian obligatory and the official language. The Swedish professors at Helsingfors university have been expelled by Russians. The prominent officers of Finland have sought an audience with the czar regarding these abuses, but their request has been refused.

BRITISHERS ARE SHOT

THEY ARE MISTAKEN FOR NATIVE REBELS.

The Manager of the Cotton Mill at Tondo is a Victim Also. Executed at Manila.

Manila, Feb. 26.—10:20 a.m.—The shooting of two Englishmen and Mr. Argentine, manager of the Andrew's cotton mill, at Tondo, on Wednesday, is generally regarded, but it is admitted that this was quite unavoidable. Instead of remaining in the stone house during the excitement occasioned by the fires in the vicinity, the trio, dressed from the upper windows. Their white suits attracted the attention of the American soldiers, who, believing them to be natives, fired from the windows, shot all three. Mr. Argentine is dead. Mr. W. F. Stinson is fatally wounded, and Mr. T. Hudson, slightly wounded.

By permission of the authorities a party of four British landed every evening from the British cruiser. Natives, to act as a special fire brigade for putting down the conflagration and banks, a precaution against incendiarism.

The foreign consuls met yesterday to confer regarding commercial interests, but the result of their deliberations has not been communicated. It is understood by the American authorities that the British consul was not present at the conference.

2:45 p.m.—The military police have raided several suspected houses in various districts, capturing small bodies of twenty to thirty prisoners in each place. This and the seven o'clock ordinance is officially dispelling the fears of the threatened outbreak of natives, who do not dare, singly or collectively, to appear on the streets after dark. The feeling in the city has decidedly improved.

McFEE'S BODY FOUND

Body of the Young Man Discovered on the Beach at the Head of Simcoe Island.

Kingston, Feb. 26.—Francis Moreland, a farmer residing at the head of Simcoe Island, was in the city yesterday and reported the finding of the dead body of Hugh McFee, a young man 33 years of age. McFee, who was an unmarried man, left his mother's home to come to this city six weeks ago on Saturday last. He was known to have visited the city and to have started for home. That was the last seen of him until his dead body was found on the beach at the head of Simcoe Island. It is presumed he had been dissipated and had been overcome by the cold before he could reach shelter. There is little doubt that the body lay in the beach since deceased disappeared.

AN EDUCATIONALIST DEAD

F. X. P. Demois, Principal of the Catholic Commercial Academy, Dies at Montreal.

Montreal, Feb. 26.—F. X. P. Demois, principal of the Catholic Commercial academy, died yesterday at Notre Dame hospital after an illness of three months, in his 52nd year. For many years past he had been one of the prominent members of the Catholic pedagogical profession in this city. For some years he was connected with the Platoon academy, then principal of the Chanoine academy, and returning to the Platoon academy he became director, and finally succeeded Mr. Archambault as principal when the latter became secretary of the school board. He was twice president of the provincial board of examiners and president of the teachers' association.

ELECTRIC GRAIN SHOVEL

It Has Been Patented by Capt. G. H. Conventry. It Will Greatly Facilitate Transshipment of Grain.

Montreal, Feb. 26.—Capt. G. H. Conventry, the well-known grain vessel captain, has patented an electric grain shovel to be worked in connection with the floating elevators here by the use of which, it is claimed, grain can be transhipped in less than half the time it has taken heretofore and for at least one-third less than it costs to transship grain by the old method. Present, Kingston or Belfast.

IS THIS FROM ANDRE?

Washington, Feb. 26.—Consul Aron, of Gloucester, W. I., reports that the American schooner Alva Archer, from Philadelphia, has arrived there, having on board a courier pigeon which might, on the vessel on Jan. 10th. The Archer was then approaching latitude 40° north, longitude 47° west. The bird carried a ring marked "N. A. 116."

Filipinos Are Educated.

Montreal, Feb. 22.—An interesting interview took place on Saturday between Rev. Mr. McWilliams, of the American Presbyterian church, and Principal Shaw, of the Wesleyan college, and Aguinaldo, representative of the Philippines, regarding missions in those islands. The question was asked: "Do you consider that religious liberty is secured in your country?"

"Yes," the Philippine representative determined to give religious freedom and toleration to all."

"That," said Mr. Shaw, "are not the ecclesiastical authorities likely to stir up violence against Protestant agencies there?"

"I hope not. Men must be free to hold the Catholic faith or Protestantism as they think proper. We have a large number of Protestants in the islands. In many places, such as Cavite, in the islands, Aguinaldo stated that 64 per cent of the nine millions of people can read, and the secretary added that they have over 2,500 schools and three universities, one of them, St. Thomas, founded in 1604. The secretary mentioned that every year a hundred young men from their colleges enter the universities of Europe."

Prince Henri Speaks.

New York, Feb. 22.—A dispatch to the Herald from Paris says: "Le Figaro says that M. Jules Lemaitre's letter is causing serious splits in the League de la Patrie Française. Le Figaro publishes this interview with Prince Henri of Orleans on the subject of the vote for him on Saturday."

"Certainly I was not a candidate, but it undoubtedly gives me pleasure. I have always worked simply for my country, leaving before the government given to me by the nation will. At present things are greatly changed. I think there is disagreement between the government and the feeling of the people. That is what the last election has clearly shown. The period of limitation abroad and disturbance at home, though just passed, shows the necessity for a change in the constitution."

"Would you consent to be at the head of such a country?"

"I am always at the disposal of my country."

What is an Amateur?

Toronto, Feb. 22.—The following full definition of the meaning of an amateur was agreed on by the Canadian Amateur Athletic union yesterday: "An amateur is a person who has not competed in any competition for a stated fee, money, prize or public, private receipts, or connected with or against a professional for a prize, who has never at any period of his life taught or assisted in the pursuit of any athletic exercises or sport as a means of livelihood; who has never either directly or indirectly received any bonus or payment in lieu of loss of time, while playing as a member of any club, or any money consideration what ever for any service rendered as a player, except his actual traveling and hotel expenses."

For Harbor Improvements.

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—A deputation composed of Geo. H. Burton, M. P., W. P. McLean, M. P., Mayor Shaw, President A. R. Lee, of the harbor board, and many others, representing Toronto, appeared before Ministers Tarte and Mulock this morning and asked that an appropriation of \$450,000 be made for necessary harbor improvements. One strong argument urged in favor of the request was that when the St. Lawrence canals are opened, improved harbor facilities at Toronto will promote trade between the maritime provinces and Ontario in coal, iron and steel.

Messrs. Tarte and Mulock made replies in which they acknowledged Toronto's importance as an inland port and promised an immediate consideration of the representations made.

Newfoundland Fisheries.

St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 22.—The British cruiser Cora was commissioned at Portsmouth Saturday as the flagship of the fisheries protection squadron in Newfoundland waters. Captain Geo. C. Gifford, commanding the battleship Trafalgar, has been appointed commander. His appointment was a surprise. Captain Barry has been the first choice for the place, but Captain Gifford is a distinguished gunnery expert, and his selection is mainly due to his desire to go with the new cruiser, the Cora, who is a naval engineer, with a view of fortifying St. John's. Governor McMillan will leave England for his new post today.

Withdraws His Grant.

Quebec, Feb. 22.—The Station of Ocean has revoked the grant of a sailing station to the French, under the French admiral's threat of a French ship, and the fact that the French war ships, Eclips, Sphinx and Rea, are lying off the port of Quebec. The station has issued a proclamation to the foregoing effect, and he will make a similar statement in the morning at Quebec. The French consul has called a protest.

Quebec is considered to be under French protection, and the station has been receiving a subsidy from Great Britain.



SEAL BRAND COFFEE

It is Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand Coffee, reason enough why it is popular.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Insurance Agent.

FIRE COMPANIES REPRESENTED:
Quebec Fire Insurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of insurance protected and promptly and satisfactorily settled.

The superiority of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

An Excellent Plan.

A woman who is building a tiny house, which, however, is the crystallization of her ingenuity and ideas of convenience picked up here, there and everywhere, has in the china closet opening from her dining room two deep drawers inserted on either side of the shelf. The drawers are each of them 14 inches deep and are lined throughout with tin. In one of them bread is kept and in the other cake. They are snugly closed drawers. Every body knows that the tin bread cake box is bought at the shop and kept on the floors of closets are very well worn now, but the endless mounds of bread and cake, many times a day, some being left in a shape which prevents their tight closing. When that condition is reached, they are about as useless as an oval of fat for the purpose for which it is designated, that of keeping out the heat and damp air and so forth. If each time the bread is drawn out, the drawers are closed, the bread is kept in a shape which prevents their tight closing. 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NEWS FROM SOUDAN.

GEN. KITCHENER RETIRED TO O. W. DIRMAN ON THE 15TH.

The Khalifa With 6,000 Tribesmen Occupy a Strong Position in the Interior.

London, Feb. 25.—In the house of commons, Mr. Broderick, parliamentary secretary to the foreign office, announced that General Kitchener had found the khalifa, with a force of 6,000 tribesmen, occupying a strong position 112 miles distant from the Nile. Not having a sufficient force to justify him in making an attack upon the khalifa, General Kitchener returned to Omdurman, where on Feb. 15 it was reported that the khalifa's cavalry had defeated a force of friendly Arabs on the White Nile. Preparations were being made, he said, to stop the khalifa's advance. In answer to a series of questions regarding the alleged mutilation of the body of the Mahdi, Mr. Broderick said that Lord Cromer, the British diplomatic agent in Egypt, had reported that the exceptional circumstances of the action of the sirdar was justifiable in ordering the demolition of the Mahdi's tomb. Mr. Broderick said he had no information that the Mahdi's head had been presented to the son of General Gordon.

He denied that any steps had been taken to terminate the triplicate government of Sudan, or to establish a German protectorate over the islands. He also denied that the government had taken any side in the struggle between Mafata and Malteza. He added that he was unable to explain the action of the German commander at Agia. Mr. Broderick said that the lease of a coaling station to France by the Sultan of Oman was contrary to the terms of the treaty under which it was proceeded with. Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, in response to a question whether the naval demonstration against Muscat was made by the order of the Indian government or Her Majesty's, said: "We throughout have been in close communication with the Indian government."

"Fast Line" Petersen.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—Mr. Petersen, of fast Atlantic service, is spending a few days with Mr. McKenzie, president of the Toronto street railway. In reply to a question from a reporter, Mr. Petersen said he was merely leaving for his health, and because Mr. McKenzie was an old friend. Discussing the question of a fast line, he said he was confident that there was money in it for the promoter, and benefit for the country. A first-class service could be established for \$775,000 as a yearly grant. The rate of speed should not be less than 30 1/2 knots and four boats could be used to secure an efficient weekly service. Asked what he thought of the C. P. R. scheme, Mr. Petersen said he had never heard of it until a couple of days ago. He added that there was an unsurmountable obstacle in the way of the securing of a fast service in a ten years limited contract.

In Front of a Train.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—A woman named Ella Frost, 50 years old, threw herself in front of the Grand Trunk train this morning at Queen street crossing, and was almost instantly killed. The engineer blew his whistle when he saw her standing on the track, but she refused to move. The body was terribly mangled, and she expired in a few minutes. In her pocket was a note reading, "Forgive me, Dad," with the address, 457 King street west, where on inquiry it was found that the brother-in-law of deceased, a grocer named Harper, lives. He refused to say anything of the matter. Deceased woman lived with her mother at 261 King street west where the latter keeps a boarding house. Deceasement caused by ill health is the alleged cause of the suicide.

The Empress Angry.

Peking, Feb. 25.—The dowager empress is greatly incensed at the action of the Russians at Tientsin when the Liao Tung peninsula near Fort Arthur in killing 200 Chinese during a riot which originated over a question of taxes, as recalled on Feb. 19. Her Majesty has instructed the Chinese foreign office to protest in the strongest possible language against this "unwarrantable action of the Russians," who, it is added, distinctly broke the terms of the Peking convention, which does not give the Russians authority to collect taxes.

Works Closed Down.

Vancouver, Feb. 25.—There is a strike at the Nanaimo coal mines. Yesterday morning, when the morning shift went to work at Alexandra mines the pushers made application for higher wages, and, not receiving what they deemed a satisfactory reply, they left the mines. This caused the slowing down of the mines as the miners and other employees could not operate without the pushers.

Jesse James, Jr., on Trial.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 25.—The trial of Jesse James, Jr., for complicity in the Lewis train robbery, is now on in earnest. The statement of the state attorney shows that the prosecution will attempt to prove by Wm. Lowe, a self-confessed train robber, and other witnesses that young James was not only in the robbery, but was one of the prime movers in the plan, while the defense will attempt to prove an alibi for the young man, and also to show that there is a conspiracy among certain policemen and detectives to convict James.

William Lowe was the first important witness to be called. He testified that he and Jack Kennedy and young James had planned the robbery; that it was to have been committed three weeks earlier; and that James had made a trip to the scene of the robbery with Lowe to get the lay of the ground. He was minute in his descriptions, gave an accurate description of the scene of the robbery and all the movements leading up to it. On cross-examination, it was shown that the first to approach Lowe after the arrest with reference to a confession was Detective Harbrough, one of the oldest and most successful detectives on the local force. Lowe said he and Harbrough had gone to the scene of the crime and had made careful observations.

Torontonian on a Spree.

New York City, Feb. 25.—A well-dressed man exhibiting some jewellery and wearing a fur-lined overcoat with a close cropped "Van Dyke" beard was arraigned before Magistrate Dewey in the West Side police court yesterday morning. He had been arrested at 6 o'clock yesterday morning at 8th street and 8th avenue while quarrelling with a cabman. In company with a woman the man had been riding in the cab since 2 o'clock and then refused to pay. The man refused to give his name and address when locked up on a charge of intoxication. He said he was Arthur L. Richards, 25 years old, of 120 West Wellington street, Toronto. When asked his occupation he said, "Dance fool." Richards almost continuously overstepped the court room regulations for prisoners and when reprimanded would bow mockingly. The cabman was in court and threatened another charge against Richards unless he was paid the fee. He got \$5. Richards then left for court room with the remainder of his bill of \$70.

Domination Steel and Iron Company.

Belfast N. S., Feb. 24.—A bill was introduced in the house of assembly yesterday to give effect to a big enterprise which the people in Nova Scotia had been earnestly talking for months. It was a measure to incorporate the Dominion Steel and Iron Company with a capital fixed at \$10,000,000, with power to increase it to \$20,000,000. Before the company can commence operations it must have \$1,000,000 of its capital subscribed and 25 per cent of the stock paid up. The new company are practically the same who compose the Dominion Coal company. At the head of the list of incorporators is Henry M. Whitney, of Boston; M. E. Dimock, of New York; Almerie Page, of New York; and W. B. Ross and E. P. Pearson, of Halifax. The charter as introduced gives the company almost unlimited power in carrying on iron manufacturing operations. They have already bonded extensive iron areas in Belle Island, Nova Scotia, for \$1,000,000 and it is their intention to erect blast furnaces and smelting works in Cape Breton.

Minneapolis Tribune Burned.

Minneapolis, Feb. 25.—The Minneapolis Tribune was completely burned out tonight. The fire started in the job room at 10:30 and soon gained such headway that the firemen could do nothing with it. The building was completely destroyed. All the printing equipment, type cases, and other things, including the press, were lost. The loss on the Tribune is about \$120,000, insurance \$80,000. It was reported at first that the Journal building, in which the Times as well as the Journal is published, was burned, but it was saved after a hard fight, though badly damaged. The big departmental store of S. E. Olsen & Co. and Bond's wholesale liquor establishment adjoining, also took fire and for several hours seemed doomed, but at the last moment the fire was under control. The extent of the damage to these establishments is not known yet, but it is heavy. Nobody was killed or injured. The Journal and Times building was found to be safe, and the Times company expects to be able to get out their paper. An unconfirmed rumor was current that two men who were in the Tribune building were missing.

James M. White Dead.

Kenton, Ohio, Feb. 25.—James M. White, the popular Ohio legislator, died today, some three days after an immense myocardial attack in his apartment and devoted it to his friends so that they should come there and play cards and enjoy themselves after his death, adding that he could not take a hand, but would be with them any way. He was a thirty-second degree member of the Grand Lodge of Masons, and was buried at 11 o'clock this morning for fifty-two years. The members of the fraternity from all parts of the state will attend the funeral on Monday.

PRESIDENT'S FUNERAL.

IMMENSE CROWDS VIEW THE PROCESSION TO NOTRE DAME.

Troops Lined the Route—President Louhot Attended—Russian Officials Were Chiefted.

Paris, Feb. 24.—Crowds of people anxious to witness the funeral procession which was to bear the remains of the late President Faure from Elisee Palace, where they had been lying in state since Friday last, began to assemble at an early hour along the line of route to be followed from the palace to Notre Dame cathedral. Some of the people took up positions as early as midnight and by 9 o'clock dense multitudes gathered along the Champs Elysees and the Place de la Concorde. They passed themselves on benches and trees behind hedges of cut flowers, drapery and chaises which lined the route.

Members of the chamber of deputies, headed by the president of the house, M. DeChand, arrived at Elisee palace at 9:55 a. m. They were saluted by the troops drawn up there with flags flying. The newly elected president, M. Emile Loubet, then drove up in a landau. He wore the sash of the Legion of Honor, and was accompanied by General Rayot, the Duke of Aosta, grand chancellor of the Legion of Honor, was seated beside the president, and escorted by a squadron of cuirassiers. On his arrival the troops presented arms, the trumpets rang out a salute, and the drums rolled in his honor as the courtyards of the palace were reached.

Madame and Mademoiselle Faure, who had been praying the greater part of the night beside the remains, attended mass at 8 o'clock in the chapel of the palace. They then retired to their apartments and did not take part in the procession or in the funeral oration, but heard mass at noon at the Chapel Elysees. All the officers of the military household took part in the ceremony.

The minister of foreign affairs, M. Del Casse; the minister of public instruction, M. Legeux; the minister of marine, M. Lekroy; the minister of war, M. DeChand; the minister of agriculture, M. Viger; the minister of public works, M. Krantz; the minister of colonies, M. Guillemin, and the minister of finance, M. Peytral, were the pall bearers. As the funeral cortege debouched from the Avenue Marigny upon the Champs Elysees the crowd there pressed forward, the judges of the court of cassation with shouts of "Vive l'armee." But nothing was said to President Louhot, who, hunched and escorted by policemen, was the object of much interest.

The funeral procession completed a long route and entered the cemetery of Pere Lachaise. The whole route was traversed without an unpleasant incident. The police arrangements were throughout admirable.

Kansas's Presence of Mind.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 24.—Kansas City's great auditorium and convention hall, the second largest of its kind in the United States, was formally dedicated yesterday. Just as Son's hand began to play the last number on the afternoon programme, some one in the gallery shouted for Pryor, one of the soloists. The audience, consisting of 25,000 people, thinking "fire" was shouted, and looked around for smoke. A puff of smoke, however, was not to be seen. The crowd, however, thought he was a fool, and he was ejected. The crowd, however, thought he was a fool, and he was ejected. The crowd, however, thought he was a fool, and he was ejected.

Tried to Burn Manila.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Gen. Otis today called the war department from Manila as follows: "Determined on efforts were made to burn the city last night. Buildings were fired in three different sections of the city. The fires were controlled by the troops after severe labor. A considerable number of incendiaries were shot and a few soldiers wounded. Early this morning a large body of insurgents made a demonstration of McArthur's front, near Calosman, and were repulsed. The loss in property by the fire last night will probably amount to half a million dollars."

Flood in Toronto.

Toronto, Feb. 24.—Several ice jams formed on the river yesterday and last night. A big flood occurred and the low ground, from Rosedale to Queen street was from the ice. Feet deep in water. A case full of property was injured. The Canadian Pacific track was covered and tracks out of the city had to be abandoned by the junction.

Toronto, Feb. 24.—At a conference at the Central Methodist church last evening the subject of a strike by Rev. P. H. H. was discussed. The members of the fraternity from all parts of the state will attend the funeral on Monday.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Kingville, Feb. 24.—Edward E. Harris, general manager of the Standard Gas and Oil company of Essex county, died at his home here this morning, aged 28.

Guelph, Feb. 24.—Rev. Mr. Martin has received a unanimous call to the pastorate of Zion Presbyterian church, Ingersoll, in succession to the late Rev. Mr. Cochran.

Quebec, Feb. 24.—Chas. R. Hosmer, manager of the C. P. R. Telegraph company, has been elected director of the Merchants' Bank of Canada to succeed the late G. H. Dunn, of Quebec.

Toronto, Feb. 24.—The Hunt and Country club, which this year has exclusive charge of the horse show, which will not include the military features of the last year, is selected April 13, 14, and 15 as the dates for the show.

Leamington, Feb. 24.—The old roundhouse here of the Lake Erie and Detroit River railway, in which was stored thirty tons of tobacco belonging to Connel & Westcott, was burned last night. The tobacco was insured for \$1,500.

Conwall, Ont., Feb. 24.—Another death from smallpox occurred last night at Whiting's boarding house at Farney's Point, the victim being his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Barclay, aged 23. Mr. Whiting died on the 21st. There are still nine cases at this house.

Toronto, Feb. 24.—For some time past an investigation has been proceeding into the accounts of Clerk of Peace L. H. Bull. The result is not yet made known, but the government yesterday accepted the resignation of Bull, and appointed H. E. Fray, barrister, to the position. Bull has filled the position for many years.

Stratford, Ont., Feb. 24.—The grand council of the Royal Templars of Temperance yesterday passed by a large majority a resolution that the Ontario government be asked to abolish every bar room in the province, which power, it was contended, is clearly within the rights of the province.

Toronto, Feb. 24.—Fire at 93 Yonge street at 9 o'clock this evening did \$2,000 damage to the rug and carpet stock of Leon Babayan, dealer in eastern rugs. The building was only slightly damaged. The rugs were insured.

Fires in Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—During a fire which, for two hours today, threatened to annihilate the packing house district in the stockyards, one fireman was killed and three others severely hurt, one so seriously that it is believed he will die. Employees of Swift & Co. were also struck by falling bricks, and severely injured. The blaze destroyed Swift & Co.'s warehouse, No. 7, directly in the centre of the packing house district, and several adjoining structures were slightly damaged. The loss is estimated at \$200,000. The dead are Patrick F. O'Neil, fireman, killed by falling walls, injured Lieut. Bernard McDonald, coalition critic, M. Gale, lieutenant; Walter E. Pauline, timekeeper for Swift & Co.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Fire today destroyed the Lind building, 28 to 32 Market street, one of the few buildings which escaped the low fire of 1911 and through several smaller fires which had threatened to destroy it since that time. The building, which was a seven-story structure, was occupied by a large number of firms, the majority of them being machinists, printers and engravers. The total loss is estimated at \$225,000.

Pays for His Trifling.

Kansas City, Feb. 24.—Dr. Horvath S. Lowry, a prominent dentist, who was being sued for \$25,000 damages for breach of promise by Miss Martha Smith, formerly of Leavenworth, Kansas, today in the circuit court confessed judgment for the full sum. The trial has been in progress ten days and has proven most sensational. Lowry's attorney explained that he confessed judgment to prevent the introduction of further evidence which, he said, would involve innocent parties. A verdict was accordingly returned for this full amount. Miss Smith had formerly been an assistant in Lowry's office and later acted as traveling saleswoman for him.

Date of Parliament.

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—Parliament will meet for the dispatch of business on Thursday, March 16th. This was decided at a meeting of the cabinet today, at which Sir Wilfrid Laurier the premier, presided, and the Canada Gazette will on Thursday contain a proclamation summoning the members. This date is the earliest at which the session could now be called and it will allow time for the debate on the address before the Easter adjournment.

Have Not Lost Faith.

Toronto, Feb. 24.—At a meeting of the directors of Deer Park mine, of Roseland, held here yesterday it was stated that the smelter returns from a recent shipment of ore were unsatisfactory. The directors have not lost faith in the mine and have decided to get a report on the property from an eminent mining engineer. Meantime the stock has gone away down.

MANY LIVES ARE LOST

THE STEAMSHIP BULGARIA GOES DOWN IN MID-OCEAN.

Over 100 Lives Are Believed to Have Been Lost—Story of an Officer—Distressing Scenes.

Baltimore, Feb. 23.—The British steamship Vitoria, Captain Wetherall, arrived today from Hull, via Hampton Roads, with four of the crew of the Hamburg American liner Bulgaria, which, with the twenty-five women and children who were picked up by the tank steamer Westhaken, and landed in Porto del Giada, Azores Islands, a week ago, are all that are known to be safe of 89 men and 41 passengers which the Bulgaria had aboard when she sailed from New York for Bremen January 28. Captain Wetherall said that he sighted the Bulgaria in a disabled condition at 7 a. m. February 3, three days and the tank steamer Westhaken standing by and communicating with her.

The story of the experiences of the Bulgaria and her passengers and crew as told by Second Officer Schaefer is a thrilling one.

"Six after a sunset over us," said Schaefer, "smoking the pipes of cabin and deck houses, flooding the main deck, washing in the awning deck and creating havoc and disorder all over the ship. To make matters worse, 100 horses that were stabled on the upper forward deck stampeded, and in their fright made a wild dash trampling each other to death. This state of affairs lasted until all but about twenty had been killed or drowned in the wash of the waves. Then the butcher of the vessel with a number of seamen went into the pen and tried to quiet the beasts that remained. This failing, as did also the attempt to force the frenzied animals overboard, their throats were cut. Before the maddened animals were dispatched, however, the butcher and both his helpers and one of the seamen was badly injured."

"Any idea that our troubles were over was soon dispelled when it was found that the vessel was leaking. All the hatch covers had been blown off, and before they could be replaced, four of the seven holds filled, and all had considerable water in them. The cargo was all lost. In addition, the carcasses of the dead horses washed ashore, adding to the heavy list. All this did not happen in a day, for hours had elapsed since the first misfortune. Then for twenty-two hours passengers and crew worked like slaves, throwing the cargo overboard to lighten the ship, but it was of little avail. In the end the ship settled, and as she sank deeper the waves washed with greater force and freedom over her. One wave carried away eight of the lifeboats from the low-lying part side and with these went much of the hope from the hearts of the passengers and crew."

"At four o'clock on the morning of the 24th the order was given to call hands on deck to go on to take the small boats. The water had flooded the engine room and four pumps could not keep it down. It was then up to the grate rail, but the firemen still managed to keep the fires burning. Each passenger and seaman was given a life preserver and the remaining boats were gotten ready and provisioned shortly after daylight the three steamers, the Westhaken, Vitoria, and Kondratieff, one after another, were in sight. The Westhaken was the first to be of service as she sent two boats in which the twenty-five women and children were placed. These were landed safely on the Westhaken, but after that the scene increased in violence. Two of the boats were sent and it became impossible to lower an other on account of the vessel being so far down on the port side and correspondingly high on the starboard, where the remaining boats were made fast. Another attempt was made and one of them was gotten into the sea. Myself and the three men who were saved with me jumped into her to take care, when by some unfortunate accident we were all lost."

Advancing on Omdurman.

Cairo, Feb. 23.—The Khalifa has left Sher Kella, and is moving northwards with a considerable force. He has been merely raiding the Arabs along the route he is following, and the latter have become panic-stricken. Major Macdonald, the head of the British expedition which has been exploring East Africa, has started for Omdurman, and Major General Hunter, the recently appointed governor of Omdurman, and other British officers on Khartoum have been recalled. The London Daily News dispatch says: "The Khalifa is advancing upon Omdurman, with between 15,000 and 20,000 men. Preparations are immediately proceeding to meet him." A fast note to the dispatch says: "The facts are that the Khalifa has a considerable force, which he has been treacherously with 15,000 men, and the British officer having only a small force, he found it necessary to retire on Omdurman."

DESCRIPTION.						
Size.	Lot.	Block.	Street.	Acreage.	Costs.	Total.
25 x 125	24	132	do	1 38	90	2 28
25 x 125	25	132	do	1 38	90	2 28
25 x 125	26	132	do	1 38	90	2 28
25 x 125	27	132	do	1 38	90	2 28
25 x 125	1	156	Empress	1 61	90	2 51
25 x 125	2	156	do	1 61	90	2 51
25 x 125	3	156	do	1 61	90	2 51
25 x 125	4	156	do	1 61	90	2 51
25 x 125	5	156	do	1 61	90	2 51
25 x 125	6	156	do	1 61	90	2 51
25 x 125	7	156	do	1 61	90	2 51
25 x 125	8	156	do	1 61	90	2 51
25 x 125	9	156	do	1 61	90	2 51
25 x 125	10	156	do	1 61	90	2 51
25 x 125	30	164	Walsh	4 99	90	5 89
25 x 125	31	164	do	4 99	90	5 89
25 x 125	1	164	Jarvis	93	90	1 83
25 x 125	2	164	do	93	90	1 83
25 x 125	3	164	do	93	90	1 83
25 x 125	4	164	do	93	90	1 83
25 x 125	5	164	do	93	90	1 83
25 x 125	6	164	do	93	90	1 83
25 x 125	28	155	Qu'Appelle	6 55	90	7 45
25 x 125	29	155	do	1 31	90	2 21
25 x 125	31	155	do	7 78	90	8 68
25 x 125	32	155	Qu'Appelle	7 78	90	8 68
25 x 125	28	136	N. P.	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	29	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	30	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	31	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	32	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	33	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	34	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	35	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	36	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	37	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	38	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	39	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	40	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	41	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	42	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	43	136	do	2 02	90	2 92
25 x 125	44	136	do	2 02	90	2 92

The above named lands will be sold by public auction on Saturday, the twentieth day of May, A.D. 1899, at the hour of ten o'clock a.m., at the Council chamber in the town of Qu'Appelle, N. W. T. of Canada, unless the arrears of taxes and costs are paid before that date.

Secretary-Treasurer's office, Qu'Appelle Station, N. W. T., February 11, 1899.

JOSEPH C. STARR.

Secretary-Treasurer, Municipality of South Qu'Appelle.

Intending Purchasers

Of any of the following named lands should apply at once as these especially

GOOD FARMS

will be pushed this spring:

S. E.	10	"	19	"	14	S. E.	1	25	Tp. 19.	Rg. 16
N. E.	3	"	19	"	14	N. W.	25	"	19	"
S. W.	23	"	18	"	14	N. E.	1	"	19	"
S. E.	20	"	18	"	14	S. E.	1	"	19	"
All	5	"	18	"	14	All	8	"	19	"
N. W.	15	"	18	"	14	All	8	"	19	"
N. W.	6	"	18	"	14	W. 3	10	"	19	"

As well as all other lands belonging to the Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company, Hudson Bay Company, Canada Pacific Ry. Company, Canada North-west Land Company, North Sea Land Company, etc.

Money to loan for purchasing land, etc. For information and terms apply to

JOS. DOOLITTLE, AGENT

At the Qu'Appelle Furniture Store, Qu'Appelle Station.

GRAY & SMITH,

(Successors to Creamer & Gray)
DEALERS IN

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

From the following well-known Firms:

McCORMICK HARVESTING MACHINE CO.—Reapers, Mowers, Rakes, and Twines
MILNSTER BROS.—Disc Harrows, and Stephenson Disc Sided Drills
JOHN DEERE—Discs and Disc Harrows
CORLISS & FLOW—Disc Harrows, Disc Harrows, etc.
JOHN A. & M. S. WALKER—Wagons
CANADA CARTRIDGE CO.—Cartridges and Outfits
CLEVELAND BICYCLES.
A full line of bicycles always in stock.

Also Dealer in

Ogilvie's FLOUR & FEED.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD,

House Sign and Window Painter.

Glazing, Gilding, Paper Hanging

and Kalamazoo

ALL WORK PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

QU'APPELLE STATION and

PRINCE ALBERT

AGENTS WANTED.

To sell our specialties. Free sample case. Liberal terms. Same for territories and if not accepted, will be returned. We seek such agents of stock for our kind in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and the Northwest Territories. Write to us.

PRINCE ALBERT, CAN.

Enoch, Ont.

THE PROGRESS,

A weekly paper devoted to news and general news, published every day morning.

ROSCOE E. LAW.

THURSDAY, March 2, 1899.

A RAILWAY COMMISSION NECESSARY.

The recent agreement between the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railways and the Standard Oil Trust emphasizes the necessity of a Dominion Railway Commission to take cognizance of such matters. The flagrant violation and defiance of the law shows how strong these companies feel themselves to be and how little they care for public opinion.

It is a matter for congratulation, however, the government have been so prompt in bringing them to time. Such a firm course cannot fail to earn the approval of residents in the west who have been groaning for years under the heavy burdens imposed upon them by a monopolistic company.

Another case in point is that of the Crow's Nest Railway. The C. P. R. were given a bonus for building that line with a definite reservation of running powers for other competing lines that might require to use the line. Now Judge Clark, acting for the C. P. R., boldly claims that this agreement was merely a formality never intended to be carried out.

A perfectly independent, non-partisan Commission should be appointed to deal with such cases, having power to enforce the law in every instance.

AN IMPORTANT POSTAL RULING.

The post office department at Washington has ruled that the writer has a right to regain possession of a letter providing he can prove to the satisfaction of the postmaster at the office from which it was sent that he was the writer of it. Even if the letter has arrived at its destination and before it was delivered to the person to whom it was addressed it may be recalled by a telegram through the mailing office. The reason assigned is that the United States is only the agent of the writer of the letter while the letter is in transit. The decision is important to business men and to private individuals.

It has often been a matter of inconvenience and hardship in Canada to be denied the privilege of getting out a letter that through some unforeseen circumstances arising is unnecessary. Or some item may have been omitted or inserted that require rectifying. So long as the writer can prove property he should be permitted to obtain the missing again. We trust the Canadian Government will adopt similar rules to the above. (Ed.)

A FAULT REQUIRED.

We would respectfully call the attention of our municipal council to the matter of erecting a vault in the town cemetery. The necessity of such a step has been shown already this winter. The inconvenience of present conditions is so evident whenever a funeral takes place during the winter months that the Council should feel no doubt as to the advisability of such a step.

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

Choice assortment of China Goods, Dolls and Dolls Heads,
Good stock of Fresh Fruits and Groceries.

Mrs. E. Ambler.

J. B. ROBINSON,
Contractor & Builder

Estimates given and all work promptly attended to.

Undertaking

Healthful branches carefully attended to.

PROFESSIONAL CAREER.

LEGAL.

A. D. DICKSON, Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, etc.
Office, first door south of the Quebec Hotel, Qu'Appelle.

MEDICAL.

D. R. C. C. VETHEW, M.D., Surgeon, etc.
Graduate of the University of Toronto, Ontario, and Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

W. HENDERSON, M.D., Surgeon, etc.
Graduate of the University of Toronto, Ontario, and Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

BUSINESS CARDS.

The Leland Hotel

QU'APPELLE STATION, S. W. T.

The most popular house in the west. Modern conveniences. Home comfort. First-class service. Choice liquors and cigars. Good sample rooms for commercial travellers. Convenient for business headquarters for stage to Port Qu'Appelle.

THOS. BLACKWELL, Prop.

The Queen's Hotel

Thos. Hilliard, Prop.

FIRST-CLASS accommodation for guests. Family style. With the best in the market. First sample rooms for commercial travellers. Choice brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Porter meets at train. Rates \$1 per day.

MEETING.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of South Qu'Appelle meets the first Monday of each month. The next meeting will be in the office of the Mayor, on Saturday, from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Applications for Transient Traders' Licenses, to be made to the Mayor, at the Town Hall, and for Licenses to the City Clerk, at the City Clerk's Office.

J. C. STARR, Sec. Treas.

Wm. Johnston,

Headquarters for

Hardware,

Cutlery

STOVES

and everything in the Tinware trade.

Call and see my new get-up.

Lanterns

Nothing to beat it on the market.

CHOP.

Get your grain crushed fine. A new

3- LI. CRUSHER

every Tuesday and Wednesday at the

College Farm.

(Spd.) HAMILTON & JONES.

Advocates for the Assignee in Trust, Regina.

Feed the Nerves!

South American Nervine is a powerful nerve builder

and makes rich, red, healthy blood.

We live by nervous force, and if there is derangement at the seat of

good health, the whole physical organization suffers—two-thirds of all

ailments common to humanity can be traced

to sick nerves. Naturally the weakest part

is the one attacked, and in cases where

number is legion the trouble begins in the

stomach—and ends too often in physical

and mental ruin—sluggish circulation,

impure blood, exhaustion, emaciation,

loss of appetite, insomnia, general debility

and wasting diseases—all for lack of

replenishing an overworked system.

South American Nervine is the greatest

of all nerve foods—purifies the blood,

clears the system of all impurities, tones

and strengthens the digestive organs—a

wonderful remedy in cases of female weakness

and functional derangements peculiar to her sex

—truly a good health angel to womanhood.

Mrs. Geo. Schlegel, of Berlin, Ont., says: "I

always felt weak and tired; at night I could

not rest on account of nervousness; my body became wasted, almost to

a skeleton. Doctors claimed it to be womb trouble, and decided to perform

an operation. I tried South American Nervine. The first bottle

gave me great relief. I took eight bottles and am cured completely."

SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE—dissolves the solid matters which clog and

impure the natural and healthy working of the functions of the kidneys—

headache, dizziness, inflammation of the bladder, and all disorders directly

attributable to diseased kidneys. A never failing quick

relieving liquid remedy, endorsed by the best physicians everywhere.

SOUTH AMERICAN RHEUMATIC CURE—is a choice case of Rheumatism, Neuralgia,

Headache and kindred ailments, where the suffering has been intense. It has come

after one dose, and many marvellous cures have been effected. A continued trial

will convince you. "My joints were stiff and swollen and the pain was almost

insupportable, but a few cases of South American Rheumatic Cure effected wonders."

DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT. Cures itching, bleeding, itching or ulcerated piles in

from one to five nights. heals skin diseases, all sores, salt rheum, eczema,

sties, scald head, etc.—one application gives instant relief.—25 CENTS A BOX

The Qu'Appelle Drug and Stationery Co.

Canadian HORSES

Some have been making a selection of the best Canadian horses to be procured in the west. The result is a fine selection of these horses to be held in February. If you wish good horses you may wish to get them early.

The first one we expect to get in a car

HORS & BULLS,

Johnston & Creamer

Feed and sale stables,

QU'APPELLE STATION.

Attention to Creditors!

N. H. L. Supreme Court of the North-

west Territories, Judicial District of

the north-west, in the matter of the

FRANK EDWARD PARKER.

Inasmuch as the order of the Honorable

Justice in the North-west, dated on the 10th day of

January, A.D. 1899, whereby I, hereby given

creditors of the estate of Frank Edward

Parker, of Qu'Appelle Station, in the North-

west Territories, to present their claims

before the first day of April, A.D. 1899,

inasmuch as I, hereby given, inasmuch as

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THE SLAPPING SAL.

By CONAN DOYLE

Her lower hands were slung, her ports forced up and her lower guns run out all ready for action. Lying behind one of the promontories of the island the lookout men of the Gloire upon the shore had seen the cut down into which the British frigate had heeled, so that Captain de Milon had observed the Leola as Captain Johnson had the bludgeoning ball.

But the splendid discipline of the British service was at its best in such a crisis. The boats, rowed back, their crews clustered aboard, they were swung up at the davits and the fall ropes made fast. Hammocks were brought up and stowed, bulwarks and down, ports and magazines opened, the fleet put out in the galley, and the drums beat to quarters. Swarms of men set the headboards and brought the frigate round, while the gun crews threw off their jackets and shirts, tightened their belts and ran out their 18 pounders, peering through the open portholes at the sturdy Frenchman. The wind was very light. Hardly a ripple showed itself upon the clear blue water, but the sails blew gently on as the breeze came over the wooded banks. The Frenchman had gone about also, and both ships were now heading slowly for the sea under full canvas, the Leola 1,000 yards in advance. She luffed up to cross the Leola's bows, but the British ship came round also, and the two ripples slowly on in such a silence that the ringing of the raindrops as the French marines drove home their charges changed quite loudly upon the ear.

"Not much sea room, Mr. Wharton," remarked the captain.

"I have fought actions in less, sir."

"We must keep our distance and trust to our gunnery. She is very heavily armed, and if she got alongside we might find ourselves in trouble."

"I see the shakes of soldiers aboard of her, two companies of light infantry from Martinique. Now we have her! Hard a port and let her have it as we cross her stern."

The keen cry of the little commander had seen the surface ripple which told of a passing breeze. He had used it to dart across behind the big Frenchman and to take her with every gun as he passed. But once past her the Leola had to come back into the wind to keep out of shoal water. The man overboard brought her on the starboard side of the Frenchman, and the trim little frigate seemed to beat right over under the crashing broadside which burst from the gaping ports. A moment later her topmasts were warning aloft to set her topmasts and royals, and she strove to cross the Gloire's bows and take her again. The French captain, however, brought his frigate's head round, and the two ripples side by side within easy pistol shot, pouring broadsides into each other in one of those murderous duels which, could they all be recorded, would mutilate our charts with blood.

In that heavy tropical air, with so faint a breeze, the smoke formed a thick bank round the two vessels from which the topmasts protruded. Neither could see anything of its enemy save the throats of fire in the darkness, and the guns were sponged and trained and fired into a dense wall of vapor. On the poop and the forecabin the marines, in two little red lines, were pouring in their volleys, but neither the nor the seamen gunners could see what effect their fire was having. Nor indeed could they tell how far they were suffering themselves, for standing at a gun one could but hardly see that upon the right and left. But above the roar of the cannon came the sharper sound of the pipping shot, the crashing of riven planks and the occasional heavy thud as spar or block came hurdling onto the deck. The lieutenant moved up and down to find the line of guns, while Captain Johnson fanned the smoke away with his cocked hat and peered eagerly out.

"This is rare, Babbie," said he as the lieutenant joined him, then suddenly resting, and himself, "What have we lost, R. Wharton?"

"Q-2 main topmast yard and our gaff, sir."

"Where's the flag?"

"Gone overboard, sir."

"They'll think we've struck. Tash a boat's oar on the starboard arm of the main cross jacks."

"Yes, sir."

A sound that dashed the timbrels to pieces between them. A second knocked two marines into a bloody, pulsating mass. For a moment the smoke rose, and the English captain saw that his adversary's heavier metal was producing a horrible effect. The Leola was a shattered wreck. Her deck was strewn with corpses. Several of her portholes were knocked out, one, and one of her 18 pounder guns had been thrown right back over her bow and pointed straight up to the sky. The thin line of marines still loaded and fired, but half the guns were silent, and their crews were piled thickly around them.

"Stand by to repel boarders!" yelled the captain.

"Outlasses, lads, outlasses!" roared Wharton.

"Hold your volleys till they touch," cried the captain of marines.

The huge beam of the Frenchman was seen bursting through the smoke.

Thick clusters of boarders hung upon her sides and shrouds. A final broadside leapt from her ports, and the mainmast of the Leola, snapping short off a few feet above the deck, spun into the air and crashed down upon the port guns, killing ten men and putting the whole battery out of action. An instant later the two ships scraped together, and the starboard lower anchor of the Gloire caught the mizen chains of the Leola upon the port side. With a yell the black swarms of boarders studied themselves for a spring.

But their feet were never to reach that blood stained deck. From some



"Stand by to repel boarders!" where there came a well aimed whiff of grape and another and another. The English marines and seamen, waiting with cutlasses and muskets behind the dark masses, thinning and shuddering away. At the same time the port broadside of the Frenchman burst into a roar.

"Clear away the wreck!" roared the captain. "What the devil are they firing at?"

"Get the guns clear," panted the lieutenant. "We'll do them yet, hoist!" The wreckage was torn and heaved and splintered until first one gun and then another roared into action again. The Frenchman's anchor had been cut away, and the Leola had worked herself free from that fatal hug. But now suddenly there was a seamy up the shrouds of the Gloire, and 100 Englishmen were shouting themselves hoarse.

"They're running! They're running! They're running!"

And it was true. The Frenchman had ceased to fire and was intent only upon clapping on every sail that she could carry.

But that shouting 100 could not claim it all as their own. As the smoke cleared it was not difficult to see the reason. The ships had gained the mouth of the estuary during the fight, and there, about four miles out to sea, was the Leola's consort bearing down under full sail to the sound of the guns. Captain de Milon had done his part for one day, and presently the Gloire was drawing off swiftly to the north, while the Dido was howling along at her skirts, rattling away with her bowchoppers, until a headland hid them both from view.

But the Leola lay sorely stricken, with her mainmast gone, her bulwarks shattered, her mizen topmast and gaff shot away, her sails like a beggar's rags and 100 of her crew dead and wounded. Close beside her a mass of wreckage floated upon the waves. It was the stern part of a mangled vessel, and across it in which lay a black ground was painted "The Slapping Sal."

"By the Lord, Lord, it was the brig that saved me!" cried Mr. Wharton. "Hed



son brought her into action with the Frenchman and was blown out of the water by a broadside."

The little cutter turned on his heel and paced up and down the deck. All ready his crew were plunging the shot holes, knotting and splicing and mending. When he came back, the lieutenant saw a sectioning of the stern line about his mouth and eyes.

"Are they all gone?"

"Every man. They must have sunk with the wreck."

The two officers looked down at the sinister water at the stump of wreckage which floated in the disordered water. Something black washed to and fro beside a splintered gaff and a tangle of balyards. It was the outrageous engine, and near it a scarlet cap was floating.

"He was a villain, but he was a Briton," said the captain at last. "He lived like a dog; but, by God, he died like a man!"

THE END.

JAMESON, M. P., DEAD.

REVOLVER IS DISCHARGED WHILE IN HIS HANDS.

Shooting Is Supposed to Have Been Accidental. He Was Winnipeg's Representative at Ottawa.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 22.—R. W. Jameson, M. P. of this city, shot himself last evening while handling a revolver, the charge passing through mouth and neck. The lamentable occurrence has created no end of discussion, some believing that the sad affair was not an accidental one. Mr. Jameson attended a meeting in the afternoon and after dinner he went to his room, where he read a paper and smoked a cigar. He then went to the kitchen and talked with Mrs. Jameson. The conversation in some way turned to the subject of firearms, and Mr. Jameson remarked that he had one, at the same time taking a self-loading revolver from his pocket. He began examining the weapon, and while doing so said to his wife, "How easy it would be to take one's own life," and lifted the weapon to his mouth. Mrs. Jameson was not looking just at that moment, but she heard a report, and as she turned around her husband fell and expired instantly, the bullet having passed through the neck and shattered the spine. Doctors were immediately summoned, but all life was extinct when they arrived.

Mr. Jameson owned a revolver with which he was very fond of practicing when out on holiday excursions. What prompted him to take it up last evening will never be known. He was in his usual cheerful frame of mind, he had not complained of any business troubles, and no one had the slightest reason to think that such a terrible event was about to happen. Mr. Jameson was not a strong nerved man, and it is thought that in turning the revolver towards his mouth he accidentally pulled the trigger.

HIS BUSY LIFE.

Richard Willis Jameson was born at Capetown, in the Cape of Good Hope, July 12, 1851, and was a son of the late Lieutenant-General George Jameson, K. C. S. I. On the return of his parents to England, in 1857, they became resident at Blackheath, near London, and at the preparatory school there. Mr. Jameson received his early education. He attended King's College, London, and Trinity College, Cambridge, where he graduated with the degree of B. A. He was called to the bar in England in 1876, when 25 years of age, and the same year he came to Canada, where he served articles with the firm of Ross, Macdonald & Morris, of Toronto. He was subsequently admitted to the Ontario bar, and practised in Toronto in 1881. In that year the Manitoba and Winnipeg land boom was at its height, and Mr. Jameson took up his residence in this city. He engaged in land speculation, and in 1882 took up the practice of his profession. Mr. Jameson's first public office in this city was that of Levee Commissioner, to which he was appointed on the expiration of the bond in 1900. He filled eight unimpaired honors in 1892 when he was elected as an alderman representative and was chairman of finance in 1895. He was elected mayor of Winnipeg Tuesday, Dec. 17, 1895, by 559 majority over Mr. Dale. He was re-elected the following year, and when the vacancy occurred in the Dominion parliament for Winnipeg, caused by the death of Mr. Hugh Macdonald, he was elected as Liberal candidate. He was elected on April 27, 1897, by 1,117 majority over Mr. Taylor, Independent Conservative, and has since represented Winnipeg at Ottawa.

Set Fire to Army Quarters.

Manila, Feb. 22.—The natives of the village of Pao made a bold attempt last night to burn the quarters of the First Washington volunteers by setting fire to the huts adjoining the quarters in the rear. Fortunately the wind changed at the moment the fire was discovered, and fanned by a stiff breeze, the flames spread in the opposite direction, destroying fully twenty shacks and houses opposite the ruins of the church. The incendiaries escaped. Mysterious signals were frequently made along the enemy's lines during the night and this led to the belief that an attack had been arranged, but nothing happened. The rebels are leaving the vicinity of San Pedro and are reported to be moving toward Singan.

Determined to Suicide.

Ypsilanti, Mich., Feb. 22.—After a terrible struggle in his front yard with his eldest daughter, who is a nurse, William Cory, veteran and pensioner, succeeded today by gassing his throat. The girl rescued the razor from her father's hand and threw it as far as she could, but he reached ahead, he got the weapon and quickly sank dead. Ill health had effected his mind.

The Spanish generals who participated in the late campaign have been denounced by the Cortes.

Agutina'do Will Submit.

Hong Kong, Feb. 23.—Agutina'do has issued a manifesto accepting the situation caused by the "unexpected" provocation of the Americans, while lamenting the hostilities which, he says, he "tried to avoid for every reason" in his new "banking humiliating concessions and tolerating the insults and outrages of the army of occupation against the people of Manila." He adds that he is prepared to sacrifice everything to maintain the "integrity of the national honor," calls upon all "to witness the good faith and honesty" of his intentions and complains that he has been treated as a rebel "because I defended the national interests instead of becoming the tool of the American preposterous pretensions."

The rebel leader further alleges that the country is unanimous in his support; that the people "will punish rather than accept the odious American domination," and that "even the corrupt Spanish dominion is preferable." The Philippine commission is considered by Agutina'do to be a force, and Otis, Denby, Dewey and Secretary Harden are classed as "prominent annexationists," the latter being charged with having "maliciously defamed" the Filipinos in the newspaper reports. He is classed as being "especially obnoxious to the Filipino government." Finally, Agutina'do expresses the wish to "proclaim to the world and officially dispel the false rumors that Germany or any other power has tendered assistance, moral or material" to the Filipinos, adding "nor have the Filipinos solicited it."

Nicaragua and the United States.

New York, Feb. 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: Nicaragua has again offended the United States and is to be called to account for her impolitic action.

Apparently at the instance of the Nicaraguan government, such a strict censorship has been applied to all cable and telegraph lines controlled by President Zelaya that it has been absolutely impossible for either the state or navy departments to communicate with their agents. Protests made to Senator Cortes, the Nicaraguan minister here, are of no avail. The administration has finally determined to take the matter in its own hands and has ordered a naval investigation preparatory to such action as may seem proper. The cruiser Detroit will make the investigation.

What is especially peculiar in connection with Nicaragua's refusal to permit messages to or from American agents within its boundaries is that she allows cable communication between the British warship and British agents in Nicaragua and British officers outside of that country.

Should the allies continue, the authorities may direct the Detroit to take temporary possession of the cable station at Greytown in order to get a message through.

The Colonel Was Popular.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 23.—A remarkable feature of the drill of the First Battalion of the Fifth Regiment of Canadian Artillery last night, was an attempt to take a roll of the men on the popularity or otherwise of the commanding officer, Colonel Gregory. About a week ago the colonel addressed the men on parade, stating that in consequence of certain reports that he had lost favor with them, he wished a meeting to be held to decide the matter. And, if a ballot being taken, one-sixth should be found to have voted against him he would forthwith resign. In place of a meeting the matter was brought on last night by the command officers of the companies, who requested that any man having any fault to find with the colonel should step from the ranks. None of the men stepped forward and the matter is considered closed.

Washington's Birthday.

New York, Feb. 22.—The 160th anniversary of the birth of George Washington was celebrated in this city to day by a general holiday, the display of flags and by patriotic exercises. Compared with last year, when the memory of the Maine disaster was fresh in the minds of the people and rumors of war filled the air, the enthusiasm today was slight and formal. Fencing was literally swamped, and all public buildings and nearly all the stores were closed. The holiday makers were blessed with glorious weather, unusually fine and mild for February. Various patriotic receptions took place during the afternoon, and the evening the Sons of the Revolution, Daughters of the Revolution, Colonial Club, Society of the Cincinnati and similar societies will hold their annual dinners.

President's Letter's Message.

Paris, Feb. 23.—The Radical and Socialist papers express satisfaction with President Loubet's message. The Moderate and Reactionary organs pronounce it timid and insignificant.

Le Gaulois states that the members of the court of cassation will attend the obsequies, going only to Notre Dame cathedral and not following the cortege to the cemetery.

St. John, N. B., Feb. 23.—Senator Wark, who was 95 years old on Sunday, is ill at Fredericton, but is not confined of his bed. Mrs. Wark is critically ill with cancer.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Feb. 27.—Wheat—Exporters, 60 to 65 bushels; exporters, 60 to 65 bushels. Chicago, Feb. 27.—Wheat—May 7 to July 7, 70 to 75; May 7 to July 7, 70 to 75. Corn—Feb. 23 to 24, 50 to 55; May 7 to July 7, 50 to 55. Pork—May, 20 to 25; July, 20 to 25.

WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, Fort William, 72 to 74; Flour—Patent, 81 to 85; strong bakers, 81 to 85; Flour—Patent, 81 to 85; strong bakers, 81 to 85. Alfalfa—Horn, 20 to 25; and short, 12 to 14 per ton in bulk; large lots, 12 to 14 per ton less. Ground Feed—Good old chop, 15 to 18 per ton; mixed barley and oats, 15 to 18 per ton; and wheat mixtures, 15 to 18 per ton. Oat cake, 10 to 12 per ton. Butter—Creamery, 22 to 24; dairy, 19 to 21.

Cheese—Large, 34 to 36; small, 30 to 32. Eggs—Market fresh, or good Ontario, fresh, 20 to 22; mixed, 18 to 20; per dozen in a retail way, bring 20 to 26 per dozen. Dressed Meats—Beef, 54 to 64; mutton, 50 to 55; pork, 50 to 55; per lb. to 75. Poultry—Spring chickens 14 to 16 per lb.; turkeys, 18 to 20; ducks, 10 to 12; geese, 10 to 12.

Gams—Rabbits, 10 to 12; pigeons, 20 to 25; wild ducks, 25 to 30 per pair. Vegetables—Potatoes, 40 to 45 per bush; turnips, 20 to 25 per bush; parsnips, 10 to 15 per lb.; carrots, 15 to 20 per bush; beets, 10 to 15 per bush; celery, 40 to 50 per dozen; cabbage, 12 to 15 per pound; onions, 2 to 3 per pound.

Hides—No. 1, 7 to 8; No. 2, 6 to 7; kip, 6 to 7; calf, 8 to 10; sheepskins and lamb skins, 50 to 60; horse hides, 10 to 15, \$1.00 each. Wool—Nominal at 8 to 8 1/2 per lb. Seneca Root—21 per pound. Hay—Bale, 25 to 30; 67.50 on track here. Cattle—Butcher's cattle nominal at 30 to 35; cows, 25 to 30. Hogs—14 to 15 per head. Milk Cows—25 to 30. Horses—The demand for farm horses for the spring work. A considerable number of horses are being brought in from Ontario and the United States. The general range of prices for horses suitable for farm work is from \$200 to \$250 per team.

The Amcer Dead.

Bombay, Feb. 23.—There is a strong native rumor at Calcutta that the son of Mahatma, a prominent Indian leader, is dead. The Indian government has not received any news tending to confirm this report, but it is thought quite probable that such information would come more speedily through native channels.

Will Retaliate.

Ottawa, Feb. 23.—Shaw T. Nishimura, of Yokohama, a prominent Japanese merchant, who is here, says Japan will retaliate if British Colonies insist on maintaining a policy of non-interference against our countrymen. He adds that Japan is now able to give effect to retaliatory measures.

"Don't You Forget It."

Vancouver, Feb. 23.—Mail advice from Samoa, via Sydney, received by the Miowera, show that after the British and United States consuls showed they were stronger than German, three cheers were given for policy standing by British Colonial Maxims. In response Mr. Osborne said that it was his duty to stand by the chief justice and his decision in the king case, and he would do so. It was true that he had no man of war in Apia harbor to call to his assistance, but there were plenty of United States men of war in the harbor, and "don't you forget it," he added. Sydney papers call attention to these significant signs.

A GENEROUS GIFT.

Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan Will Bear the Cost of Installing Electric Lights in St. Paul.

London, Feb. 26.—The representative of the Associated Press writes that Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan is to bear the entire cost, amounting to \$25,000, for the installation of electric lights in St. Paul's cathedral.

Big Time in Havana.

Havana, Feb. 25.—The festivities today in honor of the fourth anniversary of the beginning of the Cuban struggle for independence were most gorgeous and wildly enthusiastic. Havana had never seen anything like it before. The entrance of General Gomez into the city was the principal feature. The whole town was decorated and the streets were crowded with a crowd twice as large as that which turned out at the Garcia funeral.

Don't try to make a man out his own words. Some men would rather fight than out.

LOCAL NEWS

New York Life.

We are inserting this week a large advertisement showing the great increase in business and the satisfactory financial standing of the New York Life Insurance Co. Mr. J. H. Boyce is the local agent here, and will be pleased to give any information desired to persons thinking of taking out insurance.

Free Press Agency.

We have taken the agency of the Winnipeg Free Press for this district and are prepared to take subscriptions for the daily, weekly or semi-weekly issues. Copies of the current issue of the daily may be obtained at this office or from Adam Dundas of the Leland Hotel. Residents of the town may have their papers delivered at their homes every morning by leaving orders with us. The Free Press is without doubt the newest daily in the west and every man who wishes to keep up to date should subscribe.

This suits us.

Sometimes correspondents deviate from what is the general routine in the matter of news, which sometimes gives offence when a joke is intended. It is nobody's business if Bob goes to see Kate and warning Jack to be on the look out. Nor should it be recorded that certain footprints look like so-and-so's. What interests the public is: how are the farm operations progressing; new settlers coming in and others going out; prospects for the coming year; visitors to the district; social events, and so on. We are always glad to receive news of general interest to the public. It is a source of help to the community from whence it came. — Moose Jaw Times.

The Social.

The sleigh-ride and social held at Mr. Bersek's under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian Church on Friday night last was a grand success. Four sleigh loads and some cutter loads attended from town. Mr. Bersek's house is of good proportion, but it was none too large for the comfort of the crowd. Games of different kinds were distributed through the house for the entertainment of those present. During the evening solos and choruses were sung by Mrs. Fyfe, Mrs. Gabley, Miss Cameron, Miss Schofield, A. Matheson and C. Padham, and Miss Johnston gave a recitation, all of them being much appreciated. Miss Davidson accompanied the singers on the organ. After refreshments had been served, a collection was taken up, which amounted to upwards of \$11. Soon afterwards the gathering joined in singing "God Save the Queen," and left for town well pleased with the evening's amusement.

Far From Home.

The young man named Arthur William Ballock, who we last week reported as being seriously ill under the care of Mrs. Grieve, passed peacefully away on Sunday night. Although a comparatively stranger, his being so young and far from home created a good deal of sympathy, and he was as carefully nursed and cared for as he possibly could have been if nursed by his relatives and friends. The fact that he was a young man without relations in this country made his death particularly sad. A year ago last summer, Mr. H. H. Hayward, rancher, near Fort Qu'Appelle, while visiting deceased's father in London, England, noticed the delicate condition of the son, and recommended that he come to Canada and "rough it" a few years on his ranch, and thus strengthen his body. This he did in the fall of that year, but his body was evidently diseased, as he did not increase in stature as was expected. A severe attack of la grippe this winter weakened him considerably then tuberculosis followed, and proved fatal. He was conscious to the last, and entrusted to Mr. A. Hollingshead the disposal of his effects, and the arrangements for the funeral which took place from the McLean Hall to the cemetery on Wednesday at 3 p.m., after a service conducted by Mr. Dale. The young man bore a christian character and was well liked by all who knew him.

Brandon's Fair.

Western Manitoba's Big Fair at Brandon will be held this year on July 18, 19, 20, 21. The directors have a large sum to offer in prizes, and have made arrangements whereby free transportation is given upon all exhibits.

The "Bungalow" sold.

The pretty little residence called Reliance Bungalow, the property of Mr. J. H. Boyce, has been purchased by Mrs. Geo. Hudson. Mr. Boyce expects to leave with his family for Toronto about May 1st, and is offering his furniture by private sale.

Struck on himself.

The following is a copy of a unique type-written notice received by a gentleman in this town from a resident of Indian Head. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

As several farmers have desired to engage my services for the coming season, and as I am unable to grant my services to them all, more-over being desirous of obtaining the best possible wages, I make the following offer:

As I consider myself capable of managing from four to eight horses, any person wishing to put such a force to work with one man, and have any inclination to engage my services, would greatly oblige by corresponding.

Party.

Mr. John McMichael's house, Mount Prospect, was the scene of a very pleasant gathering on Tuesday evening, when upwards of sixty invited guests from the surrounding country enjoyed the hospitality of Mr. McMichael, his brothers and sisters. A varied programme made the evening pass very pleasantly. At midnight abundant refreshments were served. About 2 a.m. dancing commenced and was indulged in for a few hours. Altogether a very enjoyable time was spent. A few of our young people drove out and enjoyed both the drive and the evening's entertainment.

PERSONALS.

Rev. Mr. Grant, of McLean, was in town on Tuesday.

Mr. J. S. Macdonald left for Winnipeg on Tuesday night.

The Rev. Mr. Thompson attended a meeting of the Presbytery at Indian Head on Wednesday.

Mr. Geo. Hudson left on Tuesday for the Yukon gold fields. He calculates to be gone at least two years.

Hartley Gisborne formerly of Qu'Appelle Station, Justice of the Peace, has resigned.

W. G. Vickers returned to town Sunday morning looking a little paler than when he left for Winnipeg, but fairly well considering. His friends were pleased to welcome him back.

The degree of Doctor of Divinity has been conferred upon Archdeacon Sargent by the Council of St. John's College, Winnipeg. This degree carries with it the standing and privileges of a graduate of the University of Manitoba.

McLean Station.

The Presbyterian church of this place gave a social and entertainment in the school house on Wednesday evening of last week. A very good programme was given. In fact, it was a pleasant surprise to many. The building was crowded. A very pleasant time was spent.

Qu'Appelle Lodge, A. F. & A. M., G. R. M., meets in the Masonic Hall, Qu'Appelle station, on Tuesdays, on or before the 1st of each month. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.

J. P. JONES, W.M.

Tonsorial Artist.

J. L. LONGPRE.

Having shaven and painted the shop and used it up well up to date. Furniture is prepared to be cleaned. Offering in a proper manner. Customers can depend on getting satisfaction.

at Next door north of THE PROGRESS office, Qu'Appelle Station.

WHY USE A SCRUB BULL?

When Mr. A. J. Elve has a thorough scrub there only imported.

TERMS—75¢ at time of service, or \$1.00 in 6 months.

FOR SALE

Two high grade Shorthorn Heifers, carrying first calf (plus to calf in spring), cheap for cash.

A. J. ELVE, Feb. 23 d. 1899. Qu'Appelle Station

BOOTS & SHOES.



Our spring stock has arrived. Come and look.

Dry Goods

Our assortment of Gingham, Prints, Shirts, Flannelettes, and Towels was never so complete. Come and look. No trouble to show goods.

J. P. Beauchamp

S. H. Caswell & Co.,

BANKERS,

Financial and Insurance Agents

COLLECTIONS SOLICITED. RETURNS PROMPTLY MADE.

Four Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Deposit Accounts.

CUSTOMERS: MOLSON'S BANK, Winnipeg. Drafts paid out in all parts of Canada at the Molson's Bank.

Cheques and Drafts for all parts of the World Bought and Sold.

Qu'Appelle Station. - - Assn.

Chinese

Laundry.

QU'APPELLE STATION.

Orders by stage will be attended to.

White shirts, each	12 1/2c
Top shirts " "	7 1/2c
Woolen shirts " "	7 1/2c
Undershirts " "	7 1/2c
Drawers " "	7 1/2c
Handkerchiefs 3 for	10c
Socks, per pair	5c
Collars 3 for 10c	

LEE WING.

Next door to G. A. Mathers' harness shop

NEVER

ALLOW YOURSELF TO Pay a Doctor's Bill

When you can prevent it by buying your Boots and Shoes Bailey's. Just arrived a large and complete stock of all kinds.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Also the famous

W. G. & R. SHIRTS.

They are beauties. Call and see them.

C. T. BAILEY CO.

TAILORING

Latest Fashions. Perfect Fits.

Prices Cheap. Good Workmanship.

A choice collection of samples to select from.

English and Canadian Tweeds, Sargis, Panting, Worsted, and Overcoat.

Everybody likes to be dressed well. Leave your order and get a good fit.

J. A. TRUSLER,

Main St., Qu'Appelle Station

NEARLY SOLD OUT OF ONIONS

BUT have just received part of carload of FRESH, SALTED and SMOKED FISH.

TRY OUR FINNAN HADDIES.

They are Nice for Breakfast

D. BROWN, City Meat Market

FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY

Souris Coal,

DELIVERED, \$4 PER TON.

AT THE SHEDS, 3.50 PER TON.

McGaul & Harvey

JUST OPENED

A GENERAL BUTCHER BUSINESS

Always on hand: Fresh and Salt Meats. Beef, Pork, Mutton, etc.

FARMERS

The Highest Cash Price Paid for Good Beef Cattle, Pigs, Sheep, etc. I am here to STAY. A share of your patronage solicited.

GEO. AMBLER, Main Street, Qu'Appelle Station.

The Progress

One year for \$1.00 if paid in advance; \$1.25 if not paid till after 6 months.

NEW-YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Summary of the 54th Annual Report of the

JOHN A. McCALL, President.

New Insurance Paid for in 1898, \$152,063,366. Total Assets, \$215,944,811. Net Gain in Insurance Force, \$67,000,195. Total Paid for Insurance in Force January 1st, 1899, \$944,024,120.

	1897	1898	INCREASE
Total new premiums and annuities	\$6,629,815	\$7,140,000	\$510,185
Renewal premiums	26,841,145	27,841,145	1,000,000
Interest, rents, etc.	8,812,124	9,719,468	907,344
Total income	41,790,084	44,699,613	2,909,529
Death claims	\$14,002,009	\$15,396,076	\$1,394,067
Reductions and annuities	5,566,546	6,138,807	572,261
Dividends and other payments to policy-holders	3,777,507	4,810,544	1,033,037
Total to policy-holders	23,345,062	26,345,427	3,000,365
ASSETS			
Insurance in force January 1, 1899	\$200,000,440	\$215,944,811	\$15,944,371
Unpaid claims	777,000,000	941,111,120	164,111,120
Total number of policies in force	342,938	378,924	35,986
STOCKS			
Assets and policy reserve as carefully set aside by the Company	\$60,872,004	\$70,808,020	\$9,936,016
Corpus reserve funds completely set aside by the Company		26,114,254	26,114,254
Other funds for all other contingencies		8,623,519	8,623,519

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

3. No policy or sum of insurance is included in the Company's report for 1898, as new issues or otherwise, except where the renewal premium for the year provided in the contract, has been paid to the Company in cash.

4. The rate of interest on the total amount of admitted invested assets was 4 1/2 per cent., which is higher than that of 1907.

5. The rate of interest on premium income decreased during the year.

6. During the year the Company placed over \$17,000,000 more new insurance than it did in 1897.

The New York Life Insurance Company is composed of over 250,000 policy holders who ARE the Company, who OWN the Company and who ALONE receive the PROFITS of the Company.

Intending assured will do well to examine the new Matchless Accumulation Policy of the New York Life, with Maximum Income, before placing their insurance elsewhere. For further information see our Unit Manager, Mr. Jas. H. Boyce. This is the strongest Life Insurance Company in the world.

The cash dividends declared for 1899 are not to \$2,913,038. This is a larger sum than that of 1898. The Company being a mutual one, every dollar of this large sum will be drawn by the policy holders themselves during the year 1899. In 1898 the Company distributed to its policy holders in dividends a larger sum than did any other American Life Insurance Company in that year.